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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/009,142	11/08/2001	Rene Samson	TS0819 US	5558
75	590 07/21/2003			
Richard F Len			EXAMINER	
Shell Oil Comp Intellectual Pro			ARNOLD JR, JAMES	
PO Box 2463 Houston, TX 77252-2463			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1764	7
			DATE MAILED: 07/21/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Acti n Summary	10/009,142	SAMSON, RENE					
omeened in commany	Examiner	Art Unit					
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app	James Arnold, Jr.	the correspondence address					
Period f r Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 A	<u>//ay 2003</u> .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Th	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disp sition of Claims							
, <u> </u>	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 November 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		pproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
 a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received						
		ication No					
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	. 5) Notice of Info	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) rmal Patent Application (PTO-152) .					
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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

The objections to claims 8 and 9 have been obviated and accordingly the claims have been further treated on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Bartholic (USPN 5,584,986).

The Bartholic reference discloses a fluidized catalytic cracking unit comprising a reactor riser having means to receive a hydrocarbon feedstock and regenerated catalyst and optionally a lift gas; a conduit means to send the reactor effluent to a separation means; means to send the reactor effluent to a separation means to a dense phase stripping zone; means to send a hydrocarbon product as separated from the reactor effluent in separation means to a downstream unit operation; supply means to feed a stripping medium to the dense phase stripping zone; means to supply the gaseous effluent of the dense phase stripping zone to separation means in order to separate any catalyst particles present in the this gaseous effluent; conduit means to send spent catalyst from dense phase stripping zone to the elongated dilute phase stripping zone; conduit means to send spent catalyst from dense phase stripping zone to regeneration zone; conduit means to send regenerated catalyst to dilute phase stripping zone, supply means to

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supply a stripping medium to dilute phase stripping zone, conduit means to send the effluent of dilute phase stripping zone to separation means, supply means to supply an oxygen containing gas to regeneration zone and conduit means for the combustion gases to leave the regenerator.

See Figure 1 and See Description of the Preferred Embodiments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-5 and 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartholic (USPN 5,584,986).

The Bartholic reference discloses separating the hydrocarbon product from the spent catalyst by means of one or more gas-solid separation steps. See Column 4, lines 55-60. The reference discloses stripping the spent catalyst in a dense phase fluidized stripping zone by introducing a stripping medium in the lower portion of the stripping zone; introducing part of the

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spent catalyst to a regeneration zone wherein the coke is removed from the catalyst by means of combustion; introducing the remaining part of the spent catalyst and part of the hot regenerated catalyst into a lower portion of an elongated dilute phase stripping zone; and introducing a stream of a stripping medium into the lower portion of the dilute phase stripping zone to contact the resulting mixture of spent catalyst and regenerated catalyst therein. See Abstract and See Column 11, lines 1-45. The reference discloses passing a stream of the spent catalyst mixed with the hot regenerated catalyst and stripping medium upwardly in the dilute phase stripping zone under dilute phase stripping conditions to an upper portion thereof; and separating substantially all of the spent catalyst and regenerated catalyst from the effluent. See Column 12, lines 30-65 and Column 6, lines 5-10. The reference discloses separating the spent catalyst and regenerated catalyst from the effluent by use of gas-solid separation steps. See Column 6, lines 5-10.

The reference does not disclose introducing the separated catalyst [from the spent catalyst, regenerated catalyst, and effluent mix of step(g)] to the dense phase stripping zone. The reference does not disclose passing the remaining part of the hot regenerated catalyst to the reaction zone to be contacted with the hydrocarbon feedstock. The reference does not disclose a temperature in the dense phase stripping zone between about 500 C and about 600 C. The reference does not disclose a weight ratio of spent catalyst obtained in step (b) which is sent to step (c) and of spent catalyst obtained in step (b) which is used in step (d) between about 1:10 and about 10:1 nor does the reference disclose a weight ratio of spent catalyst and regenerated catalyst in step (d) of between about 1:10 and about 10:1. The reference does not disclose a unit wherein additional supply means (16) for introducing a hydrocarbon feedstock are present in the lower portion of the elongated dilute phase stripping zone (B). The reference does not disclose a

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method of using a unit comprising supplying a first hydrocarbon feedstock to said means to receive a hydrocarbon feedstock or supplying a second hydrocarbon feedstock to said additional supply means for introducing a hydrocarbon feedstock.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to introduce the separated catalyst [from the spent catalyst, regenerated catalyst, and effluent mix of step(g)] to the dense phase stripping zone because this allows for removal of hydrocarbons. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to pass the remaining part of the hot regenerated catalyst to the reaction zone to be contacted with the hydrocarbon feedstock because the regenerated catalyst is capable of being utilized as an effective FCC catalyst. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize a temperature in the dense phase stripping zone between about 500 C and about 600 C because high temperatures are favorable for the stripping process. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize a weight ratio of spent catalyst obtained in step (b) which is sent to step (c) and of spent catalyst obtained in step (b) which is used in step (d) between about 1:10 and about 10:1 or a weight ratio of spent catalyst and regenerated catalyst in step (d) of between about 1:10 and about 10:1 because both the spent catalyst and regenerated catalyst are disclosed by the reference and it would be appropriate to utilize them in any ratio effective for the FCC process. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize a unit wherein additional supply means (16) for introducing a hydrocarbon feedstock are present in the lower portion of the elongated dilute phase stripping zone (B) because additional supply means would allow for more efficient

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delivery of the hydrocarbon feedstock. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize a method of using a unit comprising supplying a first hydrocarbon feedstock to said means to receive a hydrocarbon feedstock or supplying a second hydrocarbon feedstock to said additional supply means for introducing a hydrocarbon feedstock because introduction of the hydrocarbon feedstock is necessary to begin the catalytic cracking process.

Response to Arguments

The applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are deemed unpersuasive. Regarding the 102 rejection of Claim 6, the applicant argues that the applied reference does not disclose the passing of the catalyst directly from the stripping zone to the regeneration zone without passing through a separation step. Applicant's claim 6, however, also does not disclose all of these limitations. Applicant does not expressly state in his claim that there is no separation step. The claim only states that there is a conduit means to send the spent catalyst from the stripping zone to the regeneration zone; and this is also disclosed by the applied reference. See Description of the preferred embodiments, Figure 1, and Column 4, lines 12-22.

Regarding the 103 rejections, applicant argues that the Examiner's relied upon prior art references must teach or suggest all the limitations in the claims in order to establish a prima facie case of obviousness. In the instant application all limitation that are not expressly taught by the reference are indeed suggested by the reference and proper motivation for the determination of obviousness has been communicated to the applicant regarding every limitation of every claim rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). Therefore, the Examiner maintains that claim 6 is anticipated

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by the Bartholic reference and the remaining claims are obvious based upon the disclosure of the reference.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James Arnold, Jr. whose telephone number is 703-305-5308. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:30 AM-6:00 PM; Fridays from 8:30 AM-5:00 PM with alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on 703-308-6824. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0651.

ja July 17, 2003

Walter D. Griffin Primary Examiner